Full report on page 19.

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# VOTE ON SUFFRAGE MANY VOLUNTEER AMENDMENT GOES OVER TO SATURDAY High School Students Are

Polls Taken by Leaders Showing Lack of Two-Thirds Majority, Cause.

LONG-DISTANCE PHONE INVOKED BY BACKERS

Wire Messages Used to Urge Speedy Return to City of Senators Favorable to Passage.

federal woman suffrage midst of debate. Chairman tee, Majority Leader Martin and other leaders of both factions joined in private statements that the resolution would go over until Saturday.

While the Senate debate was unde (way, with crowded galleries awaiting the final test. Chairman Jones made the following statement to a repre sentative of the Associated Press:

It now appears likely that no vote will be taken today and that the resolution will go over until next Saturday, when Senator La Follette of Wisconsin is due to arrive.

leaders today are reported to have shown one or possibly two votes short of the two-thirds necessary to win. They decided, therefore, to delay the vote until every possible vote could

### How Plans Were Upset.

Chairman Jones indicated, and other champions of the resolution stated that the plans for a vote today were upset by changes in the attitude of one or more senators who had promised to vote for the resolution and also that the suffrage forces desired to muster every possible vote, preferring to await the return of Senator Lafollette, who favors the resol-

The long distance telephone also was called into use to try to get one or two other senators to hurry back

til Saturday. Some of the leaders of the women's organizations; however, ere consulted by senators favoring

were consulted by senators favoring a delay.

The suffragists are determined not to let their resolution go down to final defeat for this session by any false move. If a vote could be reached to-day or within the next two days and it becomes evident before the final ballot is cast that it will fail of passage, one of the suffragist senators far down the list will vote against the resolution, so that under the parliamentary rules he may have the privilege after the vote has been announced to move to reconsider.

In this way the suffragists may have a second opportunity to put the resolution through.

That the democratic will permit the resolution to be defeated at this time appeared incredible to the women. It was rumored that at the last moment the administration would deliver some of the democratic votes in the Senate and save the resolution.

### "Antis" Are Pleased.

of the United States and the leaders of the believing they could defeat the resolution today. Being in the minority, however, they could not force a vote and had to wait for the decision of the majority. a vote and nao consistence of the majority.
Soon after the Senate met it was the chamber that

Soon after the Senate met it was whispered around the chamber that Senator Drew of New Hampshire, hitherto an unknown quantity in the suffrage equation, would vote against the resolution. This dashed the hopes of the suffragists.

### Women Throng Capitol.

At an early hour today women interested in the vote on the suffrage resolution began to assemble in the corridors of the Senate wing of the Capitol. Those who were lucky enough to have a pass ticket to the Senate galleries stood in line before the doors of the gallery until they were opened, shortly after 10 o'clock. Leaders on both sides of the suffrage question were among the women who assembled early.

Senor Suarez is now in Chile, and the medal intended for him has been to the to the United States ambassador to that country for delivery. The medals are of solid gold and were modeled by Miss Jeanette Scudder, an artist of New York.

COST OF LIVING INCREASE IN PHILADELPHIA IS HIGH

# TO RUSH STUDIES

Anxious to Qualify for War Work.

### NO CHANGE IN COURSES

dents already have informed the chool authorities that they will make their school day longer to complete the year's work ahead of time

Male students within the draft age, who take the intensive course, will finish their studies sooner in order to enter the Army or one of the colleges which have been designated as Army training camps. The girls who take the intensive course will make thefnselves available sooner in order to become teachers or enlist for the many kinds of war work which women are now performing at home.

### Mr. Thurston Is Elated.

Ernest L. Thurston, superintendent of schools, expressed gratification to day over the prompt manner in which these first 300 boys and girls volunteered to lengthen their study period, and he expressed the hope that hundreds more would make the sacrific in order to get out into some service where their country needs them.

Mr. Thurston made it clear that it is not the intention of the school authorities to rush students through their studies in order to get them out into the world. The intensive course, he said, will not mean reducing the number of subjects, but devoting more time to certain branches, so that the usual amount of ground can be covered in a shorter period of the school year.

The intensive course already is in operation at McKinley High School, where many students are reporting for school at 8 o'clock instead of 9 in the morning. In the other high schools it will be started within a few days. their studies in order to get them

### Central Is Overcrowded.

Central is the only high school in which the influx of new students, caused by the increase in the city's population, is being seriously felt. The classrooms there have been occupied to a point where the school authorities thorities are now weighing carefully every application for admission. The object of this scrutiny is to find out if the applicant can conveniently attend one of the other high schools less crowded.

less crowded.

Mr. Thurston said today the pight schools would open about the middle of October. Numerous inquirtes reaching the Franklin School building indicate, he said, that the night schools will be taxed to their capacity this year even to a greater extent than the day schools.

School officials believe this will be due to the fact that the city is crowden. due to the fact that the city is crowd-

day were presented by Secretary Lansing at the State Department with handsome gold medals "for their gen-The anti-suffragist senators, under the leadership of Senators Martin, Underwood, Lodge and Wadsworth, were controversy between the government of the United States and the leaders

Senor Eduardo Suarez, ambassador from Chile, were the "A B C" arbitrators that met at Niagara Falls, N. Y., in the summer of 1914 to mediate between the United States and political control of the contr between the United States and politi-cal factions in Mexico. In March, 1915, Congress passed a joint resolu-tion appropriating, \$3,000 for the award of suitable medals to each of the arbiters for their services. Senor Suarez is now in Chile, and the medal intended for him has been sent to the United States ambassador to that country for delivery. The



# HOLDS DEMOCRATS ARE NOT TO BLAME

Responsibility for Ad Directing Vote of Wisconsin Soldiers Disclaimed.

TUMULTY'S STATEMENT

Chapter two in the controversy between Will Hays, republican national chairman, and Joseph P. Tumulty, ecretary to President Wilson, as to whether the war is being used to dvance the fortunes of either political party, was written today.

Chapter one was given to the pub-tic a fortnight age, when Secretary famulty, by imagination of the President, asked Chairman Hays if events in eastern Europe, have since he had said in a speech that "the cumulatively brought him to a frame democratic leaders would not stop at anything that they believed would in that he is convinced that German that while all goes well, but the militaries with the analysis and the difficulties are vised to a frame the truth while all goes well, but the militaries with its analysis are vised to a frame the difficulties are vised to a frame the difficulties are vised to a frame the truth while all goes well, but the vantage of the city's night schools to insure the re-election of a democratic brush up in certain studies, and thereby advance themselves in government or other positions. continuance of the democratic party

Mr. Hays denied using the quoted words, but claimed that he had accused "the democratic leaders in Wiscused "the democratic leaders in Wisconsin" of inserting special advertise ments addressed to the Wisconsin soldiers at Camp Grant, near Rockford, Ill., asking them in the name of their commander-in-chief to vote for the democratic candidate for senator in Wisconsin. The republican chairman went on to cali this "an infamous prostitution of all patriotic proprieties and the grossest violation of the plainest civil duty, worthy of the severest condemnation of all Americans."

Editorials Echoed Indignation.

Mr. Hays was indignant and many editorials echoed his indignation. The whole reply of Mr. Hays was based It is a natural but not less obvious whole reply of Mr. Hays was based on that accusation. The charge had been made in political discussions here once before, and, having been orally repudiated by those who managed the Wisconsin republican national chairman gave widespread publicity to it. Secretary Tumulty promptly instituted an investigation, and during the last ten days a canage of the democratic national committee, to learn the origin of the advertisement.

Mr. Tumulty received the answer yesterday and made public the following statement, therefore, at the White House today.

"Chairman Hays of the republican national committee, in his recent letter one, made reference to an advertisement, which he said had appeared in Wisconsin papers, and the inference which he sought to establish was that the democratic leaders lish was that the democratic leaders at Washington or of some organization within the democratic party was responsible for the advertisements.

Correspondence on Subject.

It is a natural but not less obvious mistake to assign to the present campaign in the Balkans remote objectives and grandjose purposes. The mistake to assign to the present objectives and grandjose purposes. The mistake to assign to the present objectives and grandjose purposes. The discussion of the sudden renewal of the sudden re

# Inside Story of Germany Told by Swedish Writer

Hope of Victory Gone, Food Conditions Wretch- Annihilation of Fourth Army, ed, Man Power Waning---German Lies and Miscalculations.

Cablegram to The Evening Star and Chicago Daily News. Copyright, 1918. STOCKHOLM, Sweden, September 5.—The most outspoken story of real conditions in Germany to reach Scantaf Siosteen, a respected Swedish journalist and correspondent of the Gothenberg Sjo Och Handelstidning (Sea and Trade Journal), who has lived in Berlin for fifteen years. Early in the war he was an enthusiastic ermanophile, as he feared the threat

BY BASSETT DIGBY.

which a craristic Russis held over Europe. He is still releadly to the German people, but his experiences in the last three years, together with the Breat Litovsk peace and other

Germany in order to be able to tell the truth, unfettered by the insufferable and grossly dishonest military censor.

In view of the way in which the eyes of the world are keenly fixed on Germany and her internal events and the extent to which our judgment must largely be formed by what we read in the German newspapers I select first for The Evening Star Mr. Slosteen's remarks on the censorship through which every scrap of news appearing in print is first strained. He shows with what cynical freedom lies are used when they appear to subserve Germany's military interests. He tells how the American Army took Hindenburg unawares and describes the way in which the summer has seen a definite reversal of Germany's man power and Germany's public opinion.

Have Huns Consorted War News.

How Huns Consored War News.

Congress this fall, and they would even end the war with any kind of a compromise if that would insure the compromise of the democratic party.

Insure the re-election of a democratic bitions and lack of political check is a worse enemy of the world menace and a worse enemy of the German people themselves. Hence he packed his bags and left (Continued on Sixteenth Page.) militarism with its annexationist am- more the difficulties are piled up and

## FIGHTING IN BALKAN REGION HAS TWO PRINCIPAL PURPOSES

Will Draw Men Away From West Front and May Open Way to Aid Jugo-Slavs Against Austria.

BY FRANK H. SIMONDS.

through the Bulgar front and are new It is a natural but not less obvious pushing up the Cerna valley toward the Vardar.

If the Serbian advance continues it mistake to assign to the present campaign in the Balkans remote objectives and grandiose purposes. The rations of the sudden renewal of rations on a considerable scale iter nearly two years of relative calm is to be found in the announcement that Bulgar troops have arrived behind the western front. As a result, and as an evidence of the admirable results of unity of command, Foch difference of the attack of the serbian advance continues it awill presently reach the Vardar valley will be allies endeavored to open a road for the Serb retreat to Saloniki. If the Serbian advance continues it awill presently reach the Vardar valley will pr

And could be the totals were in a perfect to the could be an interest to the could be

Now Imminent, Would Clean Up Palestine.

FOR 80,000 ENEMIES Gen. Allenby Striking Forward

BULGAR KING ASKS AID OF MACKENSEN

IN CHECKING FOE

PARIS, September 26.- "Fresh

dispositions made by Gen. Fran-

chet d'Esperey, who has passed through Prilep, justifies the be-

lief that there will be an ener-

getic exploitation of the great

getic exploitation of the great internilled victory in Maccodonia," says Marcel Hutin, editor of the Echo de Paris.

King Ferdinand of Bulgaria has asked Gen. Mackensen, who is now in Bucharest, to take the command of his armies so as to block the advance of the allies in old Serbia and preserve Bulgaria from invasion, according to information reteived here from Switzerland.

**45.000 TURKS NOW** 

IN BRITISH CAGES;

TROOPS IN TRAP

By the Associated Press.

LONDON, September 26.

-The fourth Turkish army on the Palestine front is virtually surrounded in the region east of the Jordan and faces annihilation by Gen. Allenby's forces, today's advices show.

The total of prisoners already taken was increased today to 45,000.

The annihilation of the fourth army, now hoped for, would complete the cleaning up of the Turkish forces in Palestine, accounting for about 80,000 men.

number of Turkish prisoners taken in Palestine now aggregates 42,000, according to the latest advices reaching

Paris. Liberated territory in Palestine will be administered under the agreement reached between the British. French and Russian governments in 1916, it is learned here. England and France will carry out the agreement, under which France is charged with the preparation of a scheme of self-government for the people of Palestine This work will be the object of conversations which will take place shortly

(When the bolshevik authorities took control in Russia they published a number of secret diplomatic documents found in the archives in Petro-Success in the preent offensive will grad. Among them was a convention

LONDON, September 26.—British troops operating in Palestine are extending their occupation about the Sea of Galilee. They have occupied Tiberias and Semakh, on the borders of that sea, and En-Samra, it was officially announced today.

Pushing on to the east of the Jordan the British have occupied the strategic town of Amman on the Hedigas railway.

By the Associated Press.

SALONIKI, September 26.—Bulgaria into the mountains on the Serbo-Aibanian frontier. The country is very coording to a British official statement issued here today.

British troops entered Bulgarian territory opposite Kosturino, about six miles south of Strumitsa, the engrar area communications are joining in the allied race for Uskub.

40,000 prisoners and 265 guns have in official quarters here indicate that ments on the Macedonian front today been taken by the British in their suc- the Prilip-Veles road has been cut at point to further disasters for the Bul-

Foch's Latest Stroke at Vital Point Upon West Front Progresses Favorably.

# ALLIES PRESS FOE HARD ON 130-MILE MACEDONIANLINE

FRENCH AND AMERICANS STORM

HUN LINE IN THE CHAMPAGNE;

BRITISH INVADE BULGARIA

French and American troops today are storming the German positions in Champagne and further east in what apparently is another major stroke by Marshal Foch. The new offensive is progressing favorably according to early reports.

On the Macedonian front British troops have invaded Bulgaria as the Serbian and other allied armies pursue the hard-pressed Germans and Bulgarians east and west of the Vardar.

The new allied thrust in the west comes on a front which has not been very active since the Germans failed to advance in Champagne in the defeated offensive of July 15 east and west of Rheims. French soldiers are attacking in Champagne which runs from Rheims eastward to the Argonne west of Verdun. The Americans are moving forward east of the Champagne simultaneously with Gen. Petain's men.

Great possibilities might result from a successful allied advance on the front east of Rheims, as the German communications would be severed and the formidable enemy position from Arras to Laon endangered, with the important southern end outflanked. The length of the attacking front is not disclosed, but it may possibly be from Rheims eastward past Verdun to southwest of

Advance on 130-Mile Front.

ing all along the 130-mile V-shaped front between Monastir and Lake the Prilep-Veles road at Izvor, while Greeks are pushing eastward from the Serbians are in the outskirts of Isk- the Vardar river in the direction of Strumitsa, which is situated in a valley between two high mountain army. Apparently the Veles-Ishtib line, the most formidable for the army south of Uskub, will prove untenable.

Bulgarian Macedonia, threatening the extreme enemy left flank. Enemy territory was invaded at Kosturino, a few miles south of Strumitsa, the Bulfront between Monastir and Lake garian hase in the region north of Doiran. The Bulgarian first army on the ailied left has been placed in a dangerous position by the cutting of the Doiran. While the position of the Doiran and the same of the Trekanya, which flows through virtually level country to Strumitsa. Meanwhile the French and

me of the bases of the Bulgarian second army. Apparently the Veles-Ishtib line, the most formidable for the army south of Uskub, will prove untenable.

Enemy Left Flank Threatened.

Northeast of Lake Doiran British

Northeast of Lake Doiran British are south of the British are and capturing points vital to the defense of St. Quentin. West and northwest of St. Quentin the British have advanced in the proposed Selegey and Gricourt.

# Franco-American Assault Launched in a Thick Fog

PARIS, September 26.-French and American troops attacked this morning on the Champagne front at 5

o'clock, according to a statement issued by the war office today. The statement says that the French attack was launched in the Chamican Army, which is attacking farther

to the east. Renewed German attacks north of the Aisne have been repulsed. At one point, where the Germans gained a foothold upon the French positions, they were ejected by a counter at-

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY IN FRANCE, September 26, 9:10 a.m. (by the Associated Press).—French troops today attacked in the Champagne in a thick fog after a period of artillery preparation which terminated after ah hour of most intense gunfire. The early indications were that the attack was progressing most favorably.

in July, and is the logical result of the allied success in Picardy in driving the Germans back to the Hindenburg line from Rheims to Laon.

A drive northward in Champagne threatens the communication lines in the rear of the Hindenburg defense system, where the Germans are struggling to keep the British and French from breaking through. While the length of the front of attack is not disclosed, it is probable it extends a good part of the distance from Rheims to Verdun and probably beyond.

Military critics have pointed out that the Champagne front was the logical place where an allied effort intended to destroy the effectiveness of the Hindenburg line could be made. For some distance east of Rheims the terrain is fairly level and open and an advance of some distance here would outfiank Laon and possibly St. Quentin.

Might Sever Communications. More important still, such an ad-

today attacked in the Champagne in a thick fog after a period of artillery preparation which terminated after ah hour of most intense gunfire. The early indications were that the attack was progressing most favorably.

Attack Logical Move.

The Franco-American attack on the Champagne front is the first allied thrust made on that sector since Marshal Foch assumed the initiative

More important still, such an advance would sever the communication lines eastward from Laon, the pivot of the German defenses between Rhelms and Ypres. An allied break through might separate the German forces in the west into two groups. There has been rather lively raiding activity by both sides on the Champagne front in the last two weeks, and some military commentators have felt that these were the forerunners of greater activity.

# Enemy First Army in Peril

German Major Taken.

Among the prisoners is a German major, who wanted to leave Haifa with other German troops on the day previous to the British entry into the town, but was compelled by the Continued on Nineteenth Page.

(Continued on Nineteenth Page)

The position of the 1st Eulgarian The allies are now in possession of the whole course of the Vardar river from Grievgeli to Gradsko. Tonight's reports reaching here. The Italians who are advancing against the 1st Army from ported.

The allies are now in possession of the whole course of the Vardar river from Grievgeli to Gradsko. Tonight's reports say that the Serbians have taken thirty guns, in addition to those already remains on the south must pass over much extremely rough country before they can get in contact with it. It is be-a total front estimated at about 120 lieved that the 1st Army, which is

LONDON, September 25.-Develop-

the Prilip-Veles road has been cut at Izvor, isolating the 1st Bulgarian armies, which are fleeing before the allied troops.

Army from its main line of communication and placing it in a precarious position. The 1st Army is on the allied left.

Serbian troops reached the outskirts of Ishtib, an important Bulgarian base, Tuesday, says a Serbian official statement, dated Wednesday. Elsewhere east of the Vardar the Serbians have made important gains.

Gradako Station Seized.

The Serbs also have captured Grad-

Gradsko road connecting up the two Bulgarian armies, is in the hands of the allies.

The enemy is fighting hard to obtain possession of this road and also in the sector west of Prijep, and it seems to be a race for Uskub, as the allied forces are as near to the city as the

Possess Whole Course of Vardar.